

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Blue Layout Fluid				
Other means of identification					
Product Code	No. 03066 (Item# 1003329)				
Recommended use	Layout fluid				
Recommended restrictions	None known.				
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information				
Manufactured or sold by:					
Company name	CRC Industries, Inc.				
Address	885 Louis Dr.				
	Warminster, PA 18974 US				
Telephone					
General Information	215-674-4300				
Technical Assistance	800-521-3168				
Customer Service	800-272-4620				
24-Hour Emergency	800-424-9300 (US)				
(CHEMTREC)	703-527-3887 (International)				
Website	www.crcindustries.com				
2. Hazard(s) identificatior	1				
Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1			
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas			
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2				
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A			
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2			
	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2			
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation			
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects			
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2			
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1			
.	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute	Category 3			
Environmental hazards	hazard				
Environmental hazards OSHA defined hazards	hazard Not classified.				



Signal word Hazard statement

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.

Danger

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
acetone		67-64-1	50 - 60
propane		74-98-6	10 - 20
n-butane		106-97-8	5 - 10
oluene		108-88-3	5 - 10
diacetone alcohol		123-42-2	3 - 5
ethylene glycol		107-21-1	3 - 5
butanol		71-36-3	1 - 3
cellulose nitrate		9004-70-0	1 - 3
nethyl ethyl ketone		78-93-3	1 - 3
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate		108-65-6	1 - 3
kylene		1330-20-7	1 - 3
ethylbenzene		100-41-4	< 1

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.	

Material name: Blue Layout Fluid

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage	

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol.
	Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
outanol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
liacetone alcohol (CAS 23-42-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
thylbenzene (CAS	PEL	435 mg/m3	
00-41-4)		100 ppm	
nethyl ethyl ketone (CAS	PEL	590 mg/m3	
(8-93-3)		200 ppm	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
10pane (CAS 74-30-0)		1000 mg/m3	
ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
yiene (CAS 1550-20-7)	I EE	100 ppm	
JS. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	0.1000)	ioo ppin	
Components	Туре	Value	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
		200 ppm	
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value		Value	Form
Components	Туре	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
outanol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
liacetone alcohol (CAS I23-42-2)	TWA	50 ppm	
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Aerosol, inhalable.
		50 ppm	Vapor fraction
	TWA	25 ppm	Vapor fraction
nethyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
	IVVA	200 ppm	
n-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	1000 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL TWA	1000 ppm 20 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL TWA STEL TWA	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) cylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	STEL TWA STEL TWA	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) cylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards Type	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) cylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value 590 mg/m3	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) (ylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards Type TWA	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value 590 mg/m3 250 ppm	
n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) coluene (CAS 108-88-3) kylene (CAS 1330-20-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components acetone (CAS 67-64-1) putanol (CAS 71-36-3)	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards Type	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value 590 mg/m3 250 ppm 150 mg/m3	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) kylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components acetone (CAS 67-64-1) putanol (CAS 71-36-3)	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards Type TWA Ceiling	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value 590 mg/m3 250 ppm 150 mg/m3 50 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) kylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components acetone (CAS 67-64-1) putanol (CAS 71-36-3) diacetone alcohol (CAS	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards Type TWA	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value 590 mg/m3 250 ppm 150 mg/m3	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) sylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components acetone (CAS 67-64-1) putanol (CAS 71-36-3)	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards Type TWA Ceiling	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value 590 mg/m3 250 ppm 150 mg/m3 50 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3) sylene (CAS 1330-20-7) JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher Components acetone (CAS 67-64-1) putanol (CAS 71-36-3) liacetone alcohol (CAS	STEL TWA STEL TWA mical Hazards Type TWA Ceiling	1000 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm Value 590 mg/m3 250 ppm 150 mg/m3 50 ppm 240 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
n-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Туре	Value	
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
* - For sampling details, ple	ease see the sourc	e document.		
osure guidelines				

US - California OELs: Skin designationCan be absorbed through the skin.butanol (CAS 71-36-3)Can be absorbed through the skin.propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (CAS 108-65-6)Can be absorbed through the skin.toluene (CAS 108-88-3)Can be absorbed through the skin.US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation appliesCan be absorbed through the skin.

butanol (CAS 71-36-3)Skin designation applies.toluene (CAS 108-88-3)Skin designation applies.US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designationSkin designation applies.

butanol (CAS 71-36-3) Can b US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Can be absorbed through the skin. **action**

butanol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.
Individual protection measure	s, such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Form	Aerosol.	
Color	Blue.	
Odor	Solvent.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	-138.8 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	93.2 °F (34 °C) estimated	
Flash point	-20.2 °F (-29 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup	
Evaporation rate	Fast.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or exp	plosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1 %	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	15.3 %	
Vapor pressure	13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg)	
Vapor density	1.55 (air = 1)	
Relative density	0.75	
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility (water)	Not available.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	338 °F (170 °C) estimated	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Percent volatile	93.7 % estimated	
10. Stability and reactivity	۷	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.	
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.	

Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Fluorine. Halogens. Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure				
Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.			
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.			
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.			
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice.			
Information on toxicological ef	fects			

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and	enters airways.
Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
butanol (CAS 71-36-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg
diacetone alcohol (CAS 12	23-42-2)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	14.5 ml/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4 g/kg
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4	1-4)	
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	17.2 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
ethylene glycol (CAS 107-	21-1)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 8000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	11700 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2300 - 3500 mg/kg
propane (CAS 74-98-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
propylene glycol methyl ether aceta	ate (CAS 108-65-6)	
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	8500 mg/kg
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	12.5 mg/l, 4 hours
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitiz	ation.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall E	valuation of Carcinogenicity	
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4 toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable a	ogenic to humans. as to carcinogenicity to humans.
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) OSHA Specifically Regulated	3 Not classifiable a Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)	as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Not regulated.	gram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens	
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to c laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging the ur	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drows	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged of	or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.	
Chronic effects	May cause damage to organs through prolonged of be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chron	or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may

12. Ecological information

cotoxicity	Harmful to	o aquatic life.	
Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
butanol (CAS 71-36-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41	-4)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	1.8 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	5.1 mg/l, 96 hours
ethylene glycol (CAS 107-2 Aquatic	21-1)		
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	41000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	22810 mg/l, 96 hours
methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 7	78-93-3)		
Aquatic	,		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours
Acute			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2993 mg/l, 96 hours
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Acute			
Other	EC50	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	433 mg/l, 96 hours
			12.5 mg/l, 72 hours
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	5.5 mg/l, 96 hours
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	6.702 - 10.032 mg/l, 96 hours
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	3.82 mg/l, 48 hours
sistence and degradability accumulative potential	No data is	s available on the degradability of any ingredier	nts in the mixture.
Partition coefficient n-oct	tanol / water (log Kow)	
acetone		-0.24	
butanol		0.88	
diacetone alcohol ethylbenzene		-0.098 3.15	
ethylene divcol		-1 36	

-1.36

ethylene glycol

Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (log Kow)	
methyl ethyl ketone		0.29
n-butane		2.89
propane		2.36
toluene		2.73
xylene		3.12 - 3.2
Bioconcentration factor (B	CF)	
ethylbenzene		1
toluene		90
xylene		23.99
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects		ntal effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation n, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Disposal instructions	If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

DOT	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
ERG Code	10L
• •	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed with restrictions.
aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only IMDG	Allowed with restrictions.
UN number	UN1950
•••••••	
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Class	2
	2
Subsidiary risk	- Not applicable.
Packing group Environmental hazards	Not applicable.
	Na
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Ha Standard, 29 CFR 19	zardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication 910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Exp	oort Notification (40 CFR 7	
Not regulated.		,,,
SARA 304 Emergency re	elease notification	
	ulated Substances (29 CF	R 1910.1001-1052)
Not regulated. US EPCRA (SARA Title	III) Section 313 - Toxic Ch	nemical: Listed substance
butanol (CAS 71-36-	,	
ethylbenzene (CAS 1		
ethylene glycol (CAS		
toluene (CAS 108-88 xylene (CAS 1330-20		
	bstance List (40 CFR 302.	4)
acetone (CAS 67-64-	•	Listed.
butanol (CAS 71-36-3		Listed.
cellulose nitrate (CAS		Listed.
ethylbenzene (CAS 1		Listed.
ethylene glycol (CAS	107-21-1)	Listed.
methyl ethyl ketone (Listed.
toluene (CAS 108-88		Listed.
xylene (CAS 1330-20		Listed.
	bstances: Reportable qua	-
acetone (CAS 67-64-		5000 LBS
butanol (CAS 71-36-		5000 LBS
cellulose nitrate (CAS		100 LBS
ethylbenzene (CAS 1 ethylene glycol (CAS		1000 LBS 5000 LBS
methyl ethyl ketone (5000 LBS
toluene (CAS 108-88		1000 LBS
xylene (CAS 1330-20		100 LBS
		redient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National ocal Emergency Planning Committee.
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sec	ction 112 Hazardous Air P	Pollutants (HAPs) List
ethylene glycol (CAS		
toluene (CAS 108-88 xylene (CAS 1330-20		
		lease Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
n-butane (CAS 106-9		
propane (CAS 74-98	-6)	
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	t Not regulated.	
Drug Enforcement / Chemical Code Nun		t 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
acetone (CAS 6	7-64-1)	6532
	one (CAS 78-93-3)	6714
toluene (CAS 10		6594
-		t 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
acetone (CAS 6		35 %WV
	one (CAS 78-93-3)	35 %WV
toluene (CAS 10		35 %WV
•	ical Mixtures Code Numb	
acetone (CAS 6		6532
	one (CAS 78-93-3)	6714
toluene (CAS 10		594 h and Sefety in the Elever Manufacturing Worksloop
-		h and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace
acetone (CAS 67		Low priority

Low priority Low priority

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Not regulated.

Classified hazard categories	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Gas under pressure Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Aspiration hazard Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
butanol	71-36-3	1 - 3
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 1
ethylene glycol	107-21-1	3 - 5
toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10
xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 3

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) butanol (CAS 71-36-3) cellulose nitrate (CAS 9004-70-0) diacetone alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6) toluene (CAS 108-88-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) butanol (CAS 71-36-3) cellulose nitrate (CAS 9004-70-0) diacetone alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6) toluene (CAS 108-88-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) butanol (CAS 71-36-3) cellulose nitrate (CAS 9004-70-0) diacetone alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6) toluene (CAS 108-88-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

butanol (CAS 71-36-3) cellulose nitrate (CAS 9004-70-0) diacetone alcohol (CAS 123-42-2) ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6) toluene (CAS 108-88-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) **California Proposition 65** WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin ethylene alvcol (CAS 107-21-1) Listed: June 19, 2015 toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991 US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a)) acetone (CAS 67-64-1) ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) toluene (CAS 108-88-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations **EPA** 40.3 % VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) **Consumer products** Not regulated (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) State **Consumer products** Not regulated VOC content (CA) 37.3 % VOC content (OTC) 37.3 % International Inventories Country(s) or region On inventory (yes/no)* Inventory name Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Yes Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Yes Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) No China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) Yes Europe European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical No Substances (EINECS) Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Yes Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes Korea New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances Yes (PICCS) Taiwan Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS) Yes Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory United States & Puerto Rico Yes *A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	06-22-2015
Revision date	04-06-2018
Prepared by	Allison Yoon
Version #	03
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Revision information	Hazard(s) identification: Hazard statement Hazard(s) identification: Prevention Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Toxicological Information: Toxicological Data Toxicological information: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Regulatory Information: United States Regulatory information: California Proposition 65 GHS: Qualifiers